



FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 14, 1905.

IN THE Gazette of April 5 there was published an article prepared by Mr. John S. Eggleston, the assistant to the attorney general of Virginia. A close reading of the article and comparing it with the constitutional requirements will disclose the reason for the payment in certain cases of taxes for 1902, as well as 1903-04. Persons who registered prior to January 1904 were in a measure in a class by themselves, and persons who registered since January 1, 1904, under Mr. Eggleston's construction (those who registered last May for instance) and were twenty-four years of age, should have been made to pay taxes for 1901-02 as well as 1903, at least this appears so; for Mr. Eggleston says to register now one must pay 1902-03-04 taxes and he appears to have warrant for his statement for section 20 Article 1st of constitution says, referring to registration:

"That he has personally paid all State taxes assessed or assessable against him under this or the former constitution, for the three years next preceding that in which he offers to register." Now as it is held that the capitation tax of former years of \$1 is, or was, called a poll tax, then to register last year, or to register this (provided a person is 23 years old), requires a payment of taxes under the old law. The distinction is shown by section 21 of the constitution, whereas a prerequisite to vote one has to pay all taxes assessed or assessable against him under this (not the former) constitution for three years next preceding. Next year, 1906, taxes under the former constitution for registration will not be required, for the plain reason that the only taxes then assessable for the preceding years are for 1903-04-05, all under the new constitution. Mr. Eggleston says: "Every man will find the poll tax requirement governing his case explained in one of the four sections" in his article. The explanations are coincident, but as to new voters it should be settled; and at once, what years are to be paid. A man becoming of age since February 1904 could not be assessed for 1904, but he can be assessed and pay for 1905, and one becoming of age since February 1905, cannot be assessed for 1905, but can pay for 1906 and register and vote—at least this appears to be what is required under the law as laid down in part first, section twenty, of the constitution.

Forty years ago tonight President Lincoln was fatally shot by John Wilkes Booth in Ford's Theatre, in Washington, since which time two other occupants of the White House have met a similar fate. The murder of President Lincoln occurred at a time when the portion of the country he represented was rejoicing over the termination of the four years' war, and on the night following a period of festivity in this city when parades moved all the afternoon and illuminations and bonfires were in evidence at night. The rejoicing was suddenly changed into exasperation, and the running down and killing of Booth and the arrest and speedy conviction of the alleged conspirators were matters of a few days. In their frenzy the authorities made many blunders, the most serious being the execution of a woman who, it was subsequently seen, had committed no capital offense. But all those things have long been matters of history, and nearly all who took prominent part in the proceedings reaped what they sowed, some coming to untimely ends.

SECRETARY TAFT has come to the conclusion that the best thing to do in the Venezuelan affair is just nothing at all. He announced yesterday that the affair was a closed incident so far as he was concerned, which means that he will allow matters to stand as they are until the President and probably Secretary Hay return to Washington. He will leave it to them to carry out the energetic policy the country was told all winter long had been decided on unless Castro came to terms in the asphalt affair. The government is thus left in the rather ridiculous position of having made a bluff at an ultimatum and being called by having Castro reject the demand quite as peremptorily as it was made. The dropping of the controversy must be regarded as an admission that this government has been wrong throughout in the asphalt case. It will undoubtedly be so regarded by Castro. The only remaining step that should be taken is the recall of Minister Bowen.

The British commission appointed to investigate the possibilities of cotton growing in British East Africa reports that the disinclination of the natives to work and the consequent inability of planters to get adequate labor makes the industry at present unprofitable. Indentured Chinese labor is suggested as the only solution of the difficulty. If the southern people were allowed to introduce Chinese labor their lands would supply cotton for the world.

IT HAS BEEN sensibly decided for the present, at least, that the United States cannot afford to resort to violence against Venezuela for the sake of the asphalt trust, so all the plans formed in this country and in Venezuela with a view to embroiling this government and breaking the peace of the American continent in order that the asphalt trust might pursue its lawless course have come to naught. Now the jingoes will probably get up another scive.

FOLLOWING the investigations into the methods of the beef trust, that trust has again advanced the prices of meat. Well, this is fishing season and people can afford to do with less meat.

From Washington.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)
Washington, D. C., April 14.

The State Department has received an official report from Manila confirming the press dispatches that a Russian hospital ship has put into Saigon, Cochinchina, with wounded sailor aboard. Notwithstanding reports received by the government to the effect that the Russian hospital ship put into Saigon with wounded aboard, navy officers here generally do not believe that an engagement has yet taken place. Although the dispatches distinctly said "wounded" were aboard, it is believed here that the ship contained principally sailors who have fallen ill on account of Rojstevsky's long cruise in the tropics, with possibly some who may have been wounded as the result of an accident at target practice. It is pointed out that had an engagement occurred a report of it would certainly have been received before this.

Briefs in the famous New York franchise tax cases have been filed in the Supreme Court of the United States and final argument thereon is expected to begin Monday. The cases are on the calendar for today, but others which have priority will probably consume all the court's time until today's adjournment.

Internal Revenue Commissioner Yerkes announced today that Collector Somers would take charge of the internal revenue office at Alexandria, Va., as successor to Mr. Agnew, on May 1st. Chairman Shonts, of the Panama Canal Commission, Engineer Wallace and Judge Magoon held a conference this morning on the labor proposition on the isthmus. On the basis that Japanese labor will be largely used, the best methods of getting the men and making use of them on the canal were under consideration. Already the commission has received numerous offers from contractors prepared to furnish any number of laborers required. Mr. Takahashi, of Seattle, talked with Mr. Shonts this morning. He represents a Japanese syndicate and told the chairman that his people were prepared to furnish from one to twenty thousand men.

The Department of Commerce and Labor will award a contract for building an island in New York harbor, southwest of Ellis Island to the New Jersey Dock & Bridge Building Co., at their bid of \$119,000. There were nine bidders in the field. The appropriation for the purpose is \$150,500 and \$250,000 more will be expended, when the island shall have been constructed, for the erection of a hospital for immigrants. The work of building or creating this island will be a comparatively easy task, as the water near Ellis Island is quite shallow. Piles will be driven, and the new island will be made of cement and sand and stone. It will cover several acres.

The closing business session of the triennial convention of the National Women's Council was held this morning. Resolutions were adopted decrying the horrors of war and recommending arbitration and the dissemination of literature bearing on the purpose of the Hague Peace Tribunal. Resolutions were also adopted commending the movement on behalf of colored women in America, recommending the initiative and referendum as a step toward women's suffrage, advocating an equal moral standard for men and women, and looking toward cooperation between the council and all agencies investigating the divorce problem in America. A resolution protesting against the use of Indian trust funds for the maintenance of sectarian Indian schools was defeated.

A general alarm, bringing out all the engines in the downtown districts was sounded this morning on account of a blaze in the sub-basement of the Capitol, which was extinguished, however, by the Capitol employes before the arrival of the firemen. The fire started in a pile of waste paper near the engine room. The loss will not exceed \$10.

The race meeting at Benning just closed was the most successful, from a financial point of view in the history of the Washington Jockey Club. Reports from the bookmakers show that they got none the best of it from a betting point of view. The horses ran consistently and 58 favorites won out of 117 races, almost one half.

George C. Cole, of West Virginia, has been appointed consul general at Buenos Ayres, Argentina.

The President.

Textile, Texas, April 14.—President Roosevelt leaves Texas and his wolf hunt more than ever in love with the life al fresco and the men like himself who enjoy and lead it. Yesterday evening at Fredericks, he made a fitting finale to five days of solid fun. At the head of some fifty horsemen, he dashed through the streets of the little town, he and his companions swinging their hats and yelling like mad. His face was burned by the sun to a fiery red, but he was happy beyond words. After thanking the people of the town for letting him alone, and telling them of the wonderful courage and prowess of their fellow townsman, John Abernathy, who catches wolves alive, he retired to his car and sent for the newspaper men. To these he happily bubbled over in telling them of the good time he had.

Denver, Col., April 14.—Advises this morning from Southern Colorado says the snow is two feet deep in the locality of the President's camp and that the fall continues.

Alexander Desrosches, a French Canadian, has confessed in Toronto that he murdered his wife and daughter at Penetanguishene, Ontario, yesterday. He declared his reason for committing the crime was jealousy and abuse. Desrosches calmly gave the details of the murders at the coroner's inquest and said the women were killed upon their return from mass.

News of the Day.

The British House of Commons defeated a motion to establish a Catholic university in Ireland.

A dispatch from Saigon, Indo-China, says the hospital ship belonging to the Russian fleet arrived there to take on coal, provisions and medicine.

Foreign Secretary Lansdowne, in the British House of Lords, yesterday said President Roosevelt's invitation to send representatives to a second peace conference had been accepted.

Senator Diego Mendoza, Colombian Minister to the United States, is awaiting President Roosevelt's return to Washington to submit proposals concerning the Republic of Panama.

President Roosevelt yesterday bid a fond farewell to the Kiowa-Comanche country, Oklahoma, where for the past four days he has been in pursuit of the coyote and jack rabbit, and resumed his journey toward his destination in the Rocky Mountains.

Four men, three of whom are employees of Schwarzschild & Sulzberger, meat packers, and one an attorney for that corporation, were named in an indictment returned in Chicago yesterday noon by a federal grand jury which is investigating the alleged beef trust.

The Russians are reinforcing the garrison at Vladivostok and strengthening the fortress to withstand the siege. While the Russian Admiralty declines to disclose Rojstevsky's plans, it is believed at St. Petersburg that the Admiral will continue northward to the Straits of Formosa, and may seize a temporary base.

The Cunard line has made another break from the North Atlantic Steamship combine and another cut-rate war is at hand. The matter was supposed to have been settled, but the dictatorial policy of representatives of the German lines caused the Cunard line to break away. The Cunard Line proposes to take radical action.

Virginia News.

The guidon flag of the First Massachusetts cavalry, captured June 17, 1863, at the battle of Aldie, Virginia, by the Third Virginia cavalry, was returned to Massachusetts a few days ago.

Miss Mollie Eubank, wife of Mr. Otis Eubank, of Round Hill, Loudoun county, died of pneumonia Wednesday afternoon, aged 45 years. Mrs. Eubank was Miss Purcell. Her husband and two children survive.

Simon J. Adams and Miss Stella M. Pugh, both of Frederick county, after having made two unsuccessful attempts to elope, Wednesday outwitted members of the bride's family, who were set to watch her, and went to Hagerstown, where they were married.

Henry L. Johnston, aged 79 years, died suddenly of apoplexy at his residence in Upperville while at supper Wednesday night. During the day he appeared to be in excellent health and spirits. Mr. Johnston was one of the respected citizens of that community.

Charles E. Shively, Supreme Chancellor of the Knights of Pythias, has received from R. L. C. White, of Nashville, Tenn., Supreme Keeper of Records and Seals, the official count of the members of the order. The report shows that the total membership is 622,353, a net gain during the last year of 27,583.

Governor Montague has named the members of the State board of agriculture for a term of four years beginning March 1 of this year, the appointees being for the "odd congressional districts. The only change made in the old board was the naming of J. W. Goodwin in the Ninth district to succeed Jos. S. Gillespie.

W. W. Berry, at one time editor of the Richmond Whig, for many years prominent on the stump and at the bar, died at his home in Bedford City, Wednesday night, aged 72 years, from valvular heart disease. The morning of the day of his death he sat up in bed and dictated an editorial for a local paper with all his old-time vim and clearness of thought.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

George Warren, jr., of the firm of Warren & Sons, New York, committed suicide today by jumping in front of an electric train.

A message received at Jacksonville, Fla., from the Palm Beach home of Joseph Jefferson, the actor, who was taken ill after a fishing trip, states that he is holding his own today.

Miss Alice Roosevelt, according to a report will arrive in Chicago next Monday, with Mr. and Mrs. J. Medill McCormick, whose guest she will be there. Mr. and Mrs. McCormick now are in New York on their return from a trip to Central America.

It is understood that the Russian government has abandoned the intention of bringing Maxim Gorky to trial. The condition of his health and the fact that the evidence against him is no more complete than it is against hundreds of other Russians who took part in the disturbances of January 22nd, but who were not arrested for this change of plan.

The story published from the gold fields to the effect that about thirty deaths had occurred there from drinking doctored whisky, is not believed at Reno, Nevada. Hundreds of people are returning from the gold fields stricken on account of an epidemic, which is prevailing there. Some persons who have returned call it black plague.

Mrs. Margaret Johnson, aged 69, is dead at Berkeley Springs, W. Va. She was a sister of Barbara Freitchie and witnessed the execution of Frederick, that made the latter famous in history. Mrs. Johnson was the last near relative of the Freitchie family.

Prince Henry of Bourbon died yesterday at Mentone. Heart trouble was the cause of death. The prince was the great-grandson of King Charles X of France.

Drowned in Bathing.

The body of Mrs. Grace Loomis, who claimed to be the wife of Charles Loomis said by her to be a millionaire, was found in a half-filled bathtub in a fashionable boarding house in Michigan avenue in Chicago yesterday. The body was fully dressed and lay face down in the tub. Frequent threats made by Mrs. Loomis, that she intended to kill herself leave no doubt that the case is one of suicide. Domestic trouble is thought to have been the cause. From papers in the apartment the police learned that she was formerly the wife of a citizen of Denver. She was divorced from him six years ago. Other notes were addressed to Miss Mary L. Darling, Leadville, Col., thought to be a sister, and Mrs. Eva Bartlett, Oberlin, Ohio.

THE UNIVERSITY.

The concluding event of the inauguration of President Edwin A. Alderman as president of the University of Virginia, yesterday, was the banquet given last night by the General Alumni Association to the distinguished guests of the university. This was held in the rotunda, where Lafayette was twice dined.

In the absence of Dr. Thomas Nelson Page, president of the association, who is quite ill, James P. Harrison, of Danville, vice president, acted as toastmaster. On Mr. Harrison's right sat Dr. Alderman, Hon. C. P. Jones, rector of the university, with Dr. James B. Angell, of the University of Michigan; Senator Daniel and Henry T. Kent. Other guests were Governor Montague, Dr. Ir. Remsen, of Johns Hopkins University; Senator Martin, Dr. R. H. McKim, Dr. Alphonso Smith, of the University of North Carolina, and Hon. Blewett Lee, of Chicago.

The following toasts were responded to:

"Alma Mater," Senator John W. Daniel.

"Our President," Dr. Alderman.

"Our Alumni," Henry T. Kent, of St. Louis.

"The Jefferson Memorial, Endowment Fund," Rev. Dr. Randolph H. McKim, of Washington.

"Our Sister Institutions," President James B. Angell, of the University of Michigan.

"Letters," Dr. Charles Alphonso Smith, of the University of North Carolina.

"Science," President Ira Remsen, of the Johns Hopkins University.

"Thomas Jefferson," Hon. Blewett Lee, of Chicago.

The speech of the evening was made by President Alderman who simply carried away his hearers and took their hearts by storm. His allusions to the members of the faculty was as tender and gentle as a woman and he held the attention of every person present during every second of his speech. In conclusion, he said: "I have the honor of announcing that I have received the following donations to the University of Virginia: Mr. Thomas Jefferson Coolidge of Boston, \$50,000; Mr. Thomas Nelson Page, \$8,000; Mr. James C. Carter, of New York, \$10,000; Mr. Charles Broadway Rous, \$9,000; Hon. Elihu Root, \$1,000; Mr. George Foster Peabody, \$10,000; Mr. Francis Bartlett, \$2,500; Mr. Joseph Bryan, \$10,000; Mr. Samuel Spencer, \$5,000; Mr. Humphreys, of St. Louis, \$2,000; small donations, \$7,500; and Mr. John D. Rockefeller, \$100,000, making a total of \$213,000 and, with Mr. Andrew Carnegie's \$500,000, \$713,000.

Dr. Alderman said that the million dollars was in sight, and that he was going after another million. His speech was greeted with cheers and college yells. Before the speaking began Mr. Harrison, toastmaster, asked all to rise and drink the health of President Roosevelt, who, he said, was President of North, South, East and West. It was drunk with honor.

At the banquet announcement was made that John D. Rockefeller had given \$100,000 to the university as a memorial to the late Dr. J. L. M. Curry. The torchlight procession last night was a magnificent affair.

President Alderman's inaugural address delivered yesterday afternoon was eloquent, forceful, scholarly. Tracing the foundation of the university "inspired by the genius of Thomas Jefferson, guided by the patient good sense of Joseph Cabell and heartened by the encouragement of James Madison and James Monroe," he said they had "dedicated it consciously to freedom of mind and soul to desire for knowledge and truth and to solemn faith in the justice and slow progressiveness of a democratic society.

"To this university," he said, "Thomas Jefferson is something more than a philosopher or a figure in a pantheon. He is a friend, a founder, a father. No university in the world—not Bologna, or El Ashar, or Oxford or Prague—is so intimately associated with so immortal a name. To us he inhabits his high hill forever, an unwearied, versatile, myriad minded old man, acquainted with glory and high station, a smile of faith forever on his lips, a passion for freedom forever at his heart, knowing men deeply and yet believing in them and having patience with them; subjecting everything, with thoughtful radicalism, to the test of his advancement; watching with patient eyes the slow rising walls of this university for their training, and counting that foundation the greatest in the sum of his vast achievement."

Implicated in Killing Sheriff. Memphis, Tenn., April 14.—The developments of the last 24 hours indicate that fully 50 to 60 men were implicated directly and indirectly in the killing of Sheriff Poag at Senatobia, Miss., early Tuesday morning. In addition to six men reported arrested yesterday, five others have been taken and warrants have been sworn out for the arrest of a number of others. Among the late prisoners are J. H. Thompson, one of the prominent men of north Mississippi; Peter McConnell, John Butler, Will Hingfield, and O. L. Manning. The warrants were sworn out on statement made by J. B. Bolling, one of the six men who his alleged shot Sheriff Poag, who turned States evidence. The men in some instances have been sent to their counties for safe keeping. The number of posies is increasing and there is growing excitement because of the rapidly widening proportions given to the horror of the crime by recent developments.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. E. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

WALDING, KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Sciatic Rheumatism Cured. "I have been subject to sciatic rheumatism for years," says E. H. Waldron of Milton Junction, Iowa. "My joints were stiff and gave me much pain and discomfort. My joints would crack when I straightened up. I used Chamberlain's Pain Balm and have been thoroughly cured. Have not had a pain or ache from the old trouble for many months. It is certainly a most wonderful liniment."

For sale by Gibson & Timberman and W. F. Creighton & Co.

The West Warr, Mass., paper mill was destroyed by fire today. Loss \$40,000.

Today's Telegraphic News

War in the East.

London, April 14.—A dispatch to the Central News from Tokio says that a state of siege has been officially declared to have existed since April 13 within the harbor limits and in the vicinity of Makung, in the Pengu Islands and the Pescadores. A naval court of inquiry has also been created at Makung and a temporary naval prison established. The Pengu and Pescadores islands are located in Formosa strait, between Formosa and China. Makung is a fortified town on the largest island in the group. It has a good harbor, although it is not easily accessible.

On April 11 the Japanese government announced the closing of the harbor of Kilung, on the northern coast of Formosa, to all foreign vessels. The seizure of Makung would seem to indicate that Admiral Togo is making it his new base and that he is watching the Formosa strait closely.

This locality was picked several days ago as the most likely scene of the coming conflict between the two fleets in case Admiral Rojstevsky tries to make for Vladivostok without going outside the Philippines into the Pacific.

The last reports from the Russian fleet show that it was then steaming northward through the China Sea, abreast of the Philippine Islands, evidently making toward the strait of Formosa.

Manila, April 14.—Rear Admiral Train received a report this afternoon from Saigon, French Cochinchina, that the Russian hospital ship Orel, which arrived there yesterday, has on board a large number of wounded seamen.

London, April 14.—The Reuter Telegram Company says that the American naval authorities at Manila have received a telegram from Saigon stating that Admiral Rojstevsky's hospital ship Orel arrived there at 3 a. m. yesterday, with many wounded men aboard.

Chicago, April 14.—A special dispatch to the News from Saigon, Cochinchina, received last night says: "Rojstevsky's hospital ship arrived here last night to take on board provisions, coal and medicines. It will leave tomorrow at midday to rejoin the main squadron." If the reports about wounded seamen being aboard the Orel are true, it will indicate that a battle of some sort must have already been fought. The dispatch to the Chicago News makes no mention of any wounded men.

Tokio, April 14.—The navy department denies that any engagement has been fought off Saigon.

St. Petersburg, April 14.—The naval general staff, says that the hospitalship Orel arrived at Saigon, as reported, but declares that she has no wounded seamen aboard.

St. Petersburg, April 14.—General Linevitch reported today that the Russian cavalry has destroyed the Japanese telegraph outposts near Chantulu and Kaiyuan. The dispatch does not tell of any fighting by the present armies in Manchuria. Chantulu and Kaiyuan are towns in the direction of Harbin, a short distance north of Tieling, from which the Russians began their retreat to the north after the battle of Mukden. The dispatch is taken to indicate that the Russian cavalry forces have become very active. To reach the points mentioned, the cavalry must have penetrated far to the rear of the Japanese main column. The cavalry must also have moved far on its own lines, through which the enemy is supposed to dominate, as the main Russian position is many miles from the neighborhood of Kirin along the railroad west to the direction the greater part of the army moved in its retreat.

Execution of Murderers.

Paterson, N. J., April 14.—Arthur Jaster, colored, the condemned murderer of Max Woolenberg, was hanged in the county jail at 9:08 this morning. He walked to the gallows without any demonstration. He professed the Roman Catholic faith and was attended by Fathers Freeman and Felix. He maintained his innocence to the last. The hanging was conducted by James Van Hise and his son, of Newark. Joseph Miller was hanged at 9:42. Laster was a half breed and desperado of the worst character. He shot and killed Max Woolenberg, a merchant of Paterson, last June. Laster attempted to steal a satchel from Woolenberg's store, and was detected. Laster pulled a revolver and shot Woolenberg, but not before an alarm was sounded. In his flight Laster shot a policeman named Henry Vanderhoof, badly wounding him. He was later apprehended in a house in the suburbs of the city. His trial and conviction speedily followed. Last Sunday Laster overpowered a keeper and, seizing a revolver, started for Joseph Miller's cell to release him. Miller refused to leave his cell. Two reserve officers made a rush for Laster, and he shot officer Perry. He was overcome and manacled and taken to another cell.

Miller killed Mrs. Celine Stewart, a young married woman, by hacking her to death in her home at Midvale, near here, on September 30 last. Miller was arrested because of his suspicious actions and certain incriminating evidence was found in his home which convinced the jury of his guilt. Miller was a degenerate and several times had attempted criminal assaults on women. Miller was a negro.

Joseph Miller, also colored was hanged for the murder of Mrs. Celine Stewart. He was led out after Laster's body had been removed. Miller walked firmly to the scaffold and was accompanied by Rev. Dr. Scarborough. The trap was sprung at 9:43, and the body was allowed to hang for ten minutes. Miller also refused to confess his crime. Neither Laster nor Miller was allowed to make any statement on the gallows. The double hanging was the first affair of its kind in this State.

To Be Reinforced.

Paris, April 14.—It is stated that a French naval division in Chinese waters is to be reinforced shortly and placed under the command of an admiral. The reason for increasing the strength of the squadron in those waters is not given, but the announcement has occasioned a great deal of conjecture in naval circles.

Pound 100 Indian Graves.

Make the breath as sweet as a rose by curing indigestion and Sour Stomach with Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. A pleasant, palatable, constructive tissue-building digestant. E. L. Babcock, Amherst, Minn., says: "I have taken a great many remedies for indigestion, but have found nothing equal to Kodol Dyspepsia Cure." Kodol digests what you eat, cures indigestion, dyspepsia, Sour Stomach, Belching, Heartburn and All Stomach Troubles. Great care is used in the preparation of Kodol—the greatest digestant that has ever been discovered. Sold by W. F. Creighton & Son, 524 Queen Street.

Opening of Baseball Season.

New York, April 14.—The official date set for the opening of the baseball season in the National and American Leagues dawned last night, and gives every promise of remaining so until the New York and Brooklyn National teams, which open the season in Greater New York, meet the Boston and Philadelphia teams this afternoon. A great turn out of fans is expected at the polo grounds this afternoon to see the Giants hoist the championship pennant the first team that roots in Harlem has won in fifteen years. Mayor McClellan and other officials will be on hand to participate in the ceremonies. The Seventh Regiment band will furnish the music.

New York, April 14.—Harry C. Puhall, President of the National League of Baseball Clubs, made this statement on the opening of the baseball season to the Publishers Press Association:

"This is the beginning of the thirtieth year of the National League, and the indications point to the most successful season that the league has ever had. The teams are all in the best of condition, as the result of their Southern trips, and the prospects of a keen pennant race are most promising. Everything will be done by the officers to keep the game a clean one, and free from rowdiness."

Philadelphia, April 14.—Fair weather insures a record breaking crowd at the opening game of the American League season this afternoon at Columbia Park, between the Athletics and the world's champion Boston team. President Ban Johnson, of the American League, "Pop Chadwick," the father of baseball, and Mayor Weaver were guests of President Benjamin Shibe and the Mayor will toss the first ball onto the field.

Chicago, April 14.—The pent up enthusiasm of some 75,000 base ball souls will blow the lid off the vent hole this afternoon when the American League inaugurates the championship season of 1905. The players are on tip-toe, ground to a razor-edge of fitness by their long training spurs, awaiting eagerly the clarion note of the umpire's call as a signal of commencing the momentous battle.

Cincinnati, O., April 14.—If the clouds roll away a record breaking crowd will witness the opening of the National League base ball season here today. Every reserved seat has been sold, and the enthusiasm is intense. For the seventh time the Cincinnati Reds and the Pittsburgh Pirates will contend for the opening game. In all these clashes Pittsburgh has been the victor, and Cincinnati will root for victory today. Mayor Fleischmann will make a two minute speech before he orders the clubs to "play ball."

Cleveland, O., April 14.—The Cleveland Napoleons and the Detroit Tigers will not line up at the base ball park this afternoon for the opening game of the 1905 season. Snow this morning caused the postponement of the game, at which every indication point to a record breaking crowd. A light snow began falling early this morning, and continued until this afternoon. The opening game is scheduled for tomorrow, although very cold weather is predicted.

Spectacular Fire.

New York, April 14.—Five people were slightly burned or injured in a spectacular fire which destroyed a six story tenement early this morning at Nos. 29 and 31 Hester street. A semi-panic occurred in the crowded tenements in the district. The loss is estimated at \$10,000. The injured are: Matka Barasowsky, L. Luis Hinchey, Leon Swartz, Constantine Forasworck, Leon Forasworck. The flames communicated to a tenement in the rear of the building fronting on 63-65 Forsyth street, but were quickly extinguished. Public school No. 7, also caught on fire, but the flames were soon put out. Within half an hour the walls of the building fell, falling on the building No. 33 Hester street, and demolishing the two upper floors. In the panic which followed the cry of fire Max Swertz jumped five stories to the ground. He sprained his hand and back.

Invited to Deliver Address.

Paris, April 14.—Lewis Einstein, of New York, third secretary of the American Embassy at Paris, has been invited to deliver an address at the annual meeting of the semi-official society of Diplomatic History, which will be held in the foreign office on June 22. There will be three orators for this occasion, the others being the most distinguished historians in France. They are Frederick Masson, of the French Academy, and Count Emmanuel Harcourt. This is the first time an American has ever been honored with an invitation to speak at one of the society's meetings. Mr. Einstein, who is about to depart to London, where he has been transferred to the American Embassy, will return to Paris especially to keep the engagement.

Affairs in Rome.

Rome, April 14.—J. Pierpoint Morgan arrived here late last night from Naples in an automobile. The papers having announced his approaching arrival at the Grand Hotel, thousands of letters have arrived for him. The manager of the hotel complains of the constant flow of visitors who have been annoying him with requests to arrange for them to have interviews with Mr. Morgan.

It is stated that the Pope has expressed to several Italian politicians his desire to have an understanding with the Quirinal in regard to the regulation of the receptions to be accorded foreign potentates.

Fewer Gallons; Wears Longer.

Fewer gallons; takes less Devere Lead and Zinc than mixed paints. Weave longer; twice as long as lead and oil.

Lee's Sabre Sheathed For Good.

Harrisburg, April 17.—The following happy telegram was read for the information of the general assembly before it adjourned yesterday:

Washington, D. C., April 13. Governor Pennypacker, Harrisburg: To you and the members of the legislature I return my profound acknowledgments for the interest in our Jamestown celebration. I shall refuse to ever ride again to Gettysburg with a drawn sabre.

FITZBUGH LEE.

Full of Tragic Meanings.

are these lines from J. H. Simmons, of Casey, La. Think what might have resulted from this terrible cough if he had not taken the medicine about which he writes: "I had a fearful cough, that disturbed my night's rest. I tried everything, but nothing would relieve it until I took Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, which completely cured me." Instantly relieves and permanently cures all throat and lung diseases; prevents grip and pneumonia. At E. S. Leavitt & Son, druggists, guaranteed, 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

The Nan Patterson Case.